#### **OPINIONS**

You have further submitted evidence indicating that informal bids were taken and the contract duly awarded. You have further submitted a certificate disclosing that said R. O. Karg has complied with the workmen's compensation law.

Finding said contract in proper legal form I have this day noted my approval thereon and return the same herewith to you, together with all other data submitted in this connection.

Respectfully, C. C. CRABBE, Attorney General.

591.

## APPROVAL, CONTRACT BETWEEN STATE OF OHIO AND F. O. SCHOEDINGER, OF COLUMBUS, OHIO, CONSTRUCTION OF MAR-QUISE, HARTMAN HOTEL BUILDING, AT A COST OF \$1,043.00.

#### COLUMBUS, OHIO, July 18, 1923.

# HON. L. A. BOULAY, Director, Department of Highways and Public Works, Columbus, O'hio.

DEAR SIR:—You have submitted for my approval contract between the State of Ohio, acting by the Department of Highways and Public Works, and F. O. Schoedinger of Columbus, Ohio. This contract covers the construction of marquise at The Hartman Hotel Building, and calls for an expenditure of \$1,043.00.

You have submitted the certificate of the Director of Finance to the effect that there are unencumbered balances legally appropriated in a sum sufficient to cover the obligations of the contract.

You have further submitted evidence indicating that informal bids were taken and the contract duly awarded. You have further submitted a certificate disclosing that the said F. O. Schoedinger has complied with the workmen's compensation law.

Finding said contract in proper legal form I have this day noted my approval thereon and return the same herewith to you, together with all other data submitted in this connection.

> Respectfully, C. C. CRABBE, Attorney General.

592.

## APPROVAL, CONTRACT BETWEEN STATE OF OHIO AND McGONAGLE & CORBETT, COLUMBUS, OHIO, CONSTRUCTION AND COMPLE-TION OF HOT WATER HEATER AND TANK, HARTMAN HOTEL BUILDING, AT A COST OF \$988.30.

## Columbus, Ohio, July 18, 1923.

HON. L. A. BOULAY, Director, Department of Highways and Public Works, Columbus, Ohio.

DEAR SIR:--You have submitted for my approval contract between the State of Ohio, acting by the Department of Highways and Public Works, and McGonagle & Corbett of Columbus, Ohio. This contract covers the construction and completion of hot water heater and tank at the Hartman Hotel Building and calls for an expenditure of \$988.30.

You have submitted the certificate of the Director of Finance to the effect that there are unencumbered balances legally appropriated in a sum sufficient to cover the obligations of the contract.

You have further submitted evidence indicating that informal bids were taken and the contract duly awarded. You have further submitted a certificate disclosing that said McGonagle & Corbett have complied with the workmen's compensation law.

Finding said contract in proper legal form I have this day noted my approval thereon and return the same herewith to you, together with all other data submitted in this connection.

> Respectfully, C. C. CRABBE, Attorney General.

593.

## MUNICIPALITY—ORDINANCE INITIATED BY PETITION AND ADOPT-ED BY ELECTORS OF CITY—MAY BE REPEALED BY COUNCIL.

#### SYLLABUS:

A city ordinance initiated by petition and adopted by the electors of the city may be repealed by the council of that city.

### COLUMBUS, OHIO, July 18, 1923.

Bureau of Inspection and Supervision of Public Offices, Columbus, Ohio.

GENTLEMEN:—This acknowledges receipt of your letter of recent date in which you submit the following question:

"In the city of Newark an ordinance was initiated by petition and approved by the electors to take effect from and after December 31, 1919, copy of such ordinance is enclosed herewith. Changing conditions in the opinion of council in said city necessitates a change in the organization and compensation of the members of the fire department and the question arises as to the power of council to repeal an initiated ordinance. Said initiated ordinance was never adopted by council.

Question: In what manner may an initiated ordinance be repealed?"

Article II, section 1, of the Constitution of Ohio vests the legislative power in the following words:

"The legislative power of the state shall be vested in a general assembly, consisting of a senate and house of representatives, but the people reserve to themselves the power to propose to the general assembly laws and amendments to the constitution, and to adopt or reject the same at the polls on a referendum vote, as hereinafter provided."