REDACTIONS APPLIED

- Officer name- Confidential Law Enforcement Investigatory Records (CLEIRS), pursuant to R.C. 149.43(A)(2)(a)-(d) Records pertain to a law enforcement matter and disclosure would create a high probability of revealing: The identity of an uncharged suspect, R.C. 149.43(A)(2)(a). "Records, documents, and information the release of which is prohibited under [the Victim Privacy Law]" are not "public records." R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(rr). Thus, while the Public Records Act generally provides for the disclosure of public records, the act specifically exempts from disclosure crime victim information that is prohibited from release under the Victim Privacy Law. In other words, because police officers are persons against whom crimes can be committed, they can be victims under Article I, Section 10a of the Ohio Constitution. the Victim Privacy Law requires that case documents "shall be redacted prior to public release pursuant to [the Public Records Act] to remove the name, address, or other identifying information of the victim." *State ex rel. GateHouse Media Ohio Holdings II, Inc. v. Columbus Police Dept*, 2025-Ohio-5243
    - Unit/Car number
    - Badge number-
    - Radio call sign-
    - Police Officer photos-
    - Any complaint numbers-
    - Any IAB numbers-
    - Any partners names-
    - Dates of employment with PD-
    - Military dates-
- Employee ID- 149.433 (2) and (3). Employee ID numbers are not public record, pursuant to R.C. 149.433 (2) and (3).
- LE firearm Serial Number- Law enforcement firearm serial number, pursuant to R.C. 149.433
- Work shift/Days Off-Confidential Law Enforcement Investigatory Records (CLEIRS), pursuant to R.C. 149.43(A)(2)(a)-(d) Records pertain to a law enforcement matter and disclosure would create a high probability of revealing: The identity of an uncharged suspect, R.C. 149.43(A)(2)(a) and R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(uu), "Records of the past, current, and future work schedule of a designated public service worker. As used in division (A)(1)(tt) of this section, 'work schedule' does not include the docket of cases of a court, judge, or magistrate.
- SSN-R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(dd) 149.45(A)(1)(a*)- State ex rel. Office of Montgomery County Pub. Defender v. Siroki*, 108 Ohio St.3d 207, 842 N.E.2d 508, 2006-Ohio-662, ¶ 18; R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(dd); and R.C. 149.45(A)(1)(a).
- Driver's license number-R.C. 149.45(A)(1)(C)18 U.S.C. § 2741, Driver's license numbers are considered personal information, exempt from disclosure, pursuant to R.C. 149.45(A)(1)(c), and are further protected from disclosure by the Driver's Privacy Protection Act of 1994. 18 U.S.C. § 2741.
- OHLEG photos documents and audits- Information, data, and statistics obtained from the Ohio Law Enforcement Gateway (OHLEG) database, pursuant to109.57(D)(1)(b)
- CCH- Information from the Computerized Criminal History (CCH) National Crime Information Center (NCIC) systems, pursuant to R.C. 109.57 and O.A.C. 4501:2-10-06(C)

- LEADS-Information from the Law Enforcement Agencies Database Systems (LEADS), pursuant to O.A.C. 45-1:2-10-06(c)
- Telephone number of witnesses- Telephone numbers of victims or witnesses to a crime that are listed on a law enforcement record or report, pursuant to R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(mm)
- Medical Records- 149.43(A)(1)(a). Information obtained from medical records redacted. R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(a).
- Toxicology reports- Information obtained from medical records redacted - R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(a).
- Victim's Rights aka Marsy's Law (name, address, phone number, and family member names), and 149.43(A)(1)(ii)(i) Due to their highly sensitive nature, photos of the victim at the scene of the death have been withheld. See also *State ex rel. GateHouse Media Ohio Holdings II, Inc. v. Columbus Police Dept*, 2025-Ohio-5243.
- Officer injured bodily harm-Marsy's Law and Ohio R.C. 149.43 (A)(17)(e),(f)&(g) Grievous bodily harm, including to a first responder; not effected by a peace officer and without the proper consent of the injured. (e) An act of severe violence against a person that results in serious physical harm to the person, (f) Grievous bodily harm to a correctional employee, youth services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in the performance of official duties, (g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious physical harm against a correctional employee, youth services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in the performance of official duties. See also R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(ii)
- Autopsy photos & reports- Autopsy photographs, pursuant to R.C. 313.10(D) Information obtained from medical records redacted - R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(a).
- VRR forms are withheld pursuant to R.C. 2930.04(A)(1)(p).
- Identity of a Confidential Source - Confidential Law Enforcement Investigatory Records (CLEIRS), pursuant to R.C. 149.43(A)(2)(a)-(d).
- Other names not related to request- R.C. 149.43- Names, Identities or documents that are not responsive to your request, as they may also contain information otherwise exempt from release under R.C. 149.43.
- Officer injured bodily harm-Marsy's Law and Ohio R.C. 149.43 (A)(17)(e),(f)&(g) Grievous bodily harm, including to a first responder; not effected by a peace officer and without the proper consent of the injured. (e) An act of severe violence against a person that results in serious physical harm to the person, (f) Grievous bodily harm to a correctional employee, youth services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in the performance of official duties, (g) An act of severe violence resulting in serious physical harm against a correctional employee, youth services employee, peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, or other first responder, occurring while the injured person was engaged in the performance of official duties. See also R.C. 149.43(A)(1)(ii)