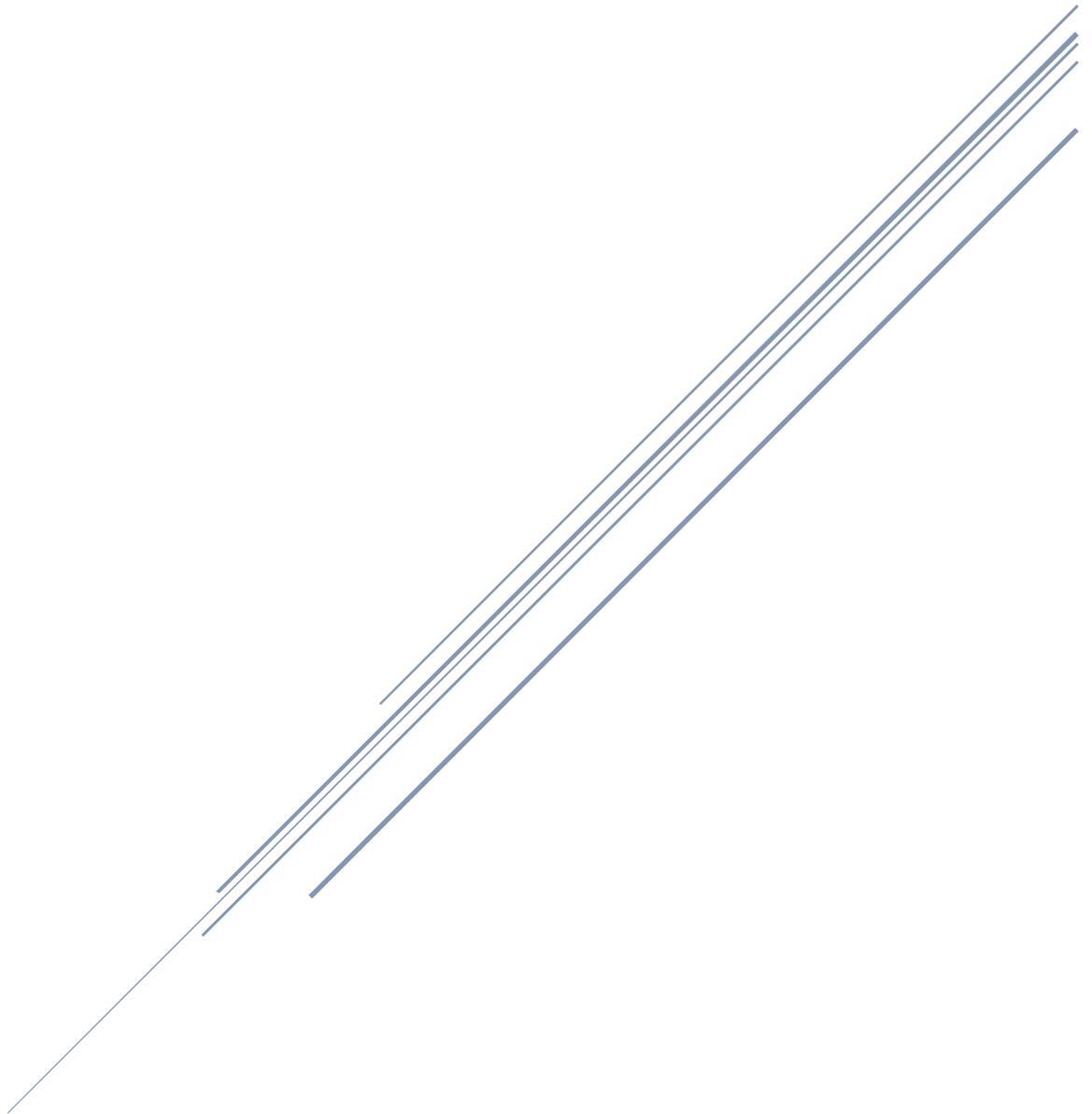


ELECTRONIC JUVENILE COURT REPORTING MANUAL

Ohio Bureau of Criminal Investigation



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Background and Organization

The Ohio Attorney General's Bureau of Criminal Investigation, known as BCI, is the state's official crime lab serving the criminal justice community and protecting Ohio families. BCI also provides expert criminal investigative services to local, state, and federal law enforcement agencies upon request. With offices throughout the state, BCI stands ready to respond 24/7 to local law enforcement agencies' needs at no cost to the requesting agency.

Staff at BCI work every day to provide the highest level of service. This includes special agents who are on call 24/7 to offer investigative assistance at crime scenes, knowledgeable scientists and forensic specialists using cutting-edge technology to process evidence to bring criminals to justice, and criminal intelligence analysts and identification specialists who help local law enforcement solve cases.

Experienced special agents, forensic scientists, and other law enforcement experts staff BCI's three main divisions:

- Identification Division
- Investigations Division
- Laboratory Division

The Identification Division provides up-to-date records and state of the art technology to law enforcement and other criminal justice agencies throughout Ohio. The division serves as the central repository for all criminal records for the state of Ohio and maintains fingerprints, palm prints, photographs, and other information related to arrests within the state. The division is made up of the following units:

- The **Criminal Unit** processes criminal arrest and disposition transactions received by the bureau. This entails data entry, making corrections to submitted records, processing juvenile arrest submissions and updating the criminal repository with disposition information.
- Processing more than 1 million background checks a year, the **Civilian Unit** processes all fingerprint background check requests, including FBI background checks. The personnel in this unit scan manual cards and perform data entry of demographic data for the cards, update prior background checks upon request and answer questions from the public and background check vendors. Background check results, including criminal history records, are reported directly electronically or printed and mailed from this unit.
- The **Quality Assurance Unit** is responsible for checking the completeness and accuracy of the computerized criminal history database, and training law enforcement agencies throughout the state on Ohio laws as they relate to criminal history reporting. The unit also conducts audits of Webcheck agencies to determine the degree of compliance and adherence to policies established by the Attorney General's Office and the FBI. The Unit also provides training on the National Webcheck system.
- The **Technical Unit** is responsible for the verification of all incoming civilian and criminal fingerprint transactions which have been identified with an existing BCI record. Fingerprint Examiners also classify, file and search fingerprint files. They also process all expungement and sealed record requests.

Automated Fingerprint Identification System and Computerized Criminal History Repository

The Bureau of Criminal Investigations Multi-modal Biometric Information System (MBIS) is the state repository of biometric fingerprint information. This database contains all fingerprints submitted to BCI by Law Enforcement agencies when a person is arrested and fingerprints submitted for the purpose of a background check. These databases are described below.

- Criminal ID Information – Fingerprint images submitted to BCI by Law Enforcement agencies with demographic and arrest information. Incoming arrests are compared to existing fingerprints in the database and verified by BCI Fingerprint Examiners if a match. The information is then added to the person’s existing record. If no match is found, a new record is established under a new BCI number.
- Civil ID Information – Fingerprint images and related data associated with subjects applying for a job which requires a state mandated background check. These fingerprints are searched against the Criminal ID information to see if there is a match. If a verified match is made, a record (rap sheet) will go out to the agency or individual requesting the information. Fingerprints are also submitted for Carry Concealed weapon licensing and follow the same procedure.

The Computerized Criminal History (CCH) is the repository of fingerprint based criminal arrest records submitted by Law Enforcement agencies and disposition information submitted by courts which is linked to the corresponding arrest information. This information is commonly referred to as the RAP sheet. Major data sets within CCH include:

- Law Enforcement Arrests – Consists of information submitted by law enforcement, typically when an arrest and booking event (or events) takes place. Information includes person demographics, charges, and data relative to the arrest/booking event. This information is mostly contributed electronically via live scan machines that electronically capture fingerprints and charges, then forward that information to MBIS, which then shares it with CCH.
- Court Dispositions – These are the outcomes of legal proceedings associated with the law enforcement charges. This includes prosecuting attorney actions and court dispositions (i.e. judgments, rulings, sentences). Ideally, dispositions are reported to the CCH repository electronically with the necessary demographic information to match them to the law enforcement arrest
- Custody Status – This information typically indicates the whereabouts of a convicted person when remanded to the custody of the state corrections program. In Ohio, a live scan-based “intake” transaction provides proof that the subject arrived at a correctional facility. In some instances, the CCH repository may receive information regarding the movement of a person from one facility to another, or related logistical events (death, release, etc.).

- Court Supplements – On occasion, supplemental information relative to a person could be contributed from the court. This includes actions related to previous convictions that have been vacated, or instances when a person has been pardoned. These actions are processed using the supplemental functions of the CCH. Currently this information cannot be submitted electronically; the court reports these manually on a 2-71 disposition form.

Information contained in MBIS and CCH is used in the daily protection of the public and law enforcement. Information is used in confirming the identity of persons, in determining eligibility for civil rights and privileges, and in determining jail/prison sentence terms. If they are in error, unreliable or unavailable, the records can:

- Affect law enforcement officers' safety during routine encounters.
- Cause out of state and Law enforcement agencies in other countries to misinterpret a criminal's RAP sheet or possibly not find one
- Allow criminals to have access to vulnerable populations (child care, nursing homes, etc.).
- Allow prohibited persons to have access to firearms permits.
- Delay lawful purchases of firearms.
- Allow repeat criminals to have lesser sentences and incorrectly calculated jail times.

The information in CCH is only as good as the information that is submitted to the database by Law Enforcement and courts. It is essential that the information received is accurate and complete.

Court Reporting Requirements

In accordance with Ohio Revised Code (ORC) 109.60 (A)(3), every court with jurisdiction over a felony or an offense of violence, must inquire as to whether the adult or child has been fingerprinted **for this incident**. If not, the court shall order the person or child to appear before the Sheriff or Chief of Police within 24 hours to have fingerprints taken. Furthermore, if fingerprints were not taken upon arrest, the court has the authority to have a person's fingerprints taken at the time of sentencing or adjudication. Either of these actions will produce the arrest ITN that can then be used to submit the corresponding disposition information to CCH.**109.60(A)(3)**:

(3) Every court with jurisdiction over a case involving a person or child with respect to whom division (A)(1) or (2) of this section requires a sheriff or chief of police to take the person's or child's fingerprints shall inquire at the time of the person's or child's sentencing or adjudication whether or not the person or child has been fingerprinted pursuant to division (A)(1) or (2) of this section for the original arrest or court appearance upon which the sentence or adjudication is based. If the person or child was not fingerprinted for the original arrest or court appearance upon which the sentence or adjudication is based, the court shall take the person's or child's fingerprints or shall order the person or child to appear before the sheriff or chief of police within twenty-four hours to have the person's or child's fingerprints taken. If the court orders the person or child to appear before the sheriff or chief of police to have the person's or child's fingerprints taken, the sheriff or chief of police shall take the person's or child's fingerprints, or cause the fingerprints to be taken, according to the fingerprint system of identification on the forms furnished by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and immediately forward copies of the completed forms, any other description that may be required, and the history of the offense committed to the bureau to be classified and filed and to the clerk of the court.

Law enforcement agencies should submit reportable offenses to BCI. A juvenile's record is visible only to BCI personnel until an adjudication for a reportable offense is reported. Once a disposition is accepted to the record, that arrest becomes visible to law enforcement agencies and courts.

Reportable offenses

1. Offenses of violence

ORC Section 2901.01(A)(9)(a)

"Offense of violence" means any of the following:

A violation of section 959.131, 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.18, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.32, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 2909.02, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 2917.31, 2917.321, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.04, 2921.34, or 2923.161, of division (A)(1) of section 2903.34, of division (A)(1), (2), or (3) of section 2911.12, or division (B)(1), (2), (3), or (4) of section 2919.22 of the Revised Code or felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code

Conspiracies, attempts to commit or complicity to commit any of the above offenses are also included.

Link to offenses of violence on AG's website:

<https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Forms/Forms-for-Law-Enforcement/Offenses-of-Violence>

2. **ALL FELONIES** should be reported

Law enforcement submits arrest information to BCI either electronically or via mail.

In some counties law enforcement fingerprints the juvenile and forwards that fingerprint to the juvenile court. When the case is completed, the juvenile court then sends the disposition along with the fingerprint card to BCI if the adjudication is a reportable offense.

If law enforcement submits juvenile arrests directly to BCI, the court must report **all** adjudications or dismissals to BCI regardless of whether they are reportable or not.

If a juvenile record is dismissed, BCI must remove that arrest/record from CCH. If the juvenile court does not report the dismissal, the arrest will stay on file. The same applies to adjudications to lesser offenses that are nonreportable.

Data Submission Process

There are three ways for courts to submit disposition information to BCI. The preferred method is electronically via File Transfer Protocol (FTP). This automated process involves mapping data from a court system to a standard file layout from BCI and sending it electronically to populate CCH. The specification document can be found here. <https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Forms/Forms-for-BCI-Criminal-Records-and-Background-Check/Forms-for-Court/Electronic-Disposition-Specifications>

For guidance in setting up this method, contact the Ohio Attorney General's Information Technology Section by email at ITSSupport@OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov or by phone at 800-750-7922.

The second way to submit disposition information to BCI is by completing a paper Final Disposition Form (form 2-71). How to fill out a 2-71 form: <https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Publications-Files/Background-Check-Publications/2-71-form-with-field-descriptions.aspx>

This form should follow the incident from arrest through disposition, which means the form will originate with the law enforcement agency and then be completed by the court with disposition information and mailed to BCI Attn: Identification at P.O. Box 365 London, OH 43140. If a court receives a 2-71 form from law enforcement without an ITN, the disposition can be submitted. If it does not attach because the arrest is not on file, the BCI Quality Assurance Unit or the prospective court can follow up with the arresting agency to obtain fingerprints for that arrest. Once the fingerprints are submitted to BCI, the disposition can be resubmitted.

The third way to submit disposition information to BCI is electronically via the Ohio Courts Network (OCN), a program managed by the Supreme Court. If the court already submits information to OCN, it is not automatically forwarded to BCI. If an agency wants to use the OCN method to submit data to BCI, the agency needs to specify this when signing up with OCN. Indicating that the information needs to be sent to BCI and not only maintained as a part of the OCN file will ensure the dispositions reach the CCH.

To participate in this program, contact the OCN Helpdesk at 614-387-9980 or via email at OCNHelpdesk@sc.ohio.gov

Submitting dispositions via FTP

How do I start submitting via FTP?

Contact the Ohio Attorney General's Information Technology Section by email at ITSupport@OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov or by phone at 800-750-7922.

How does it work?

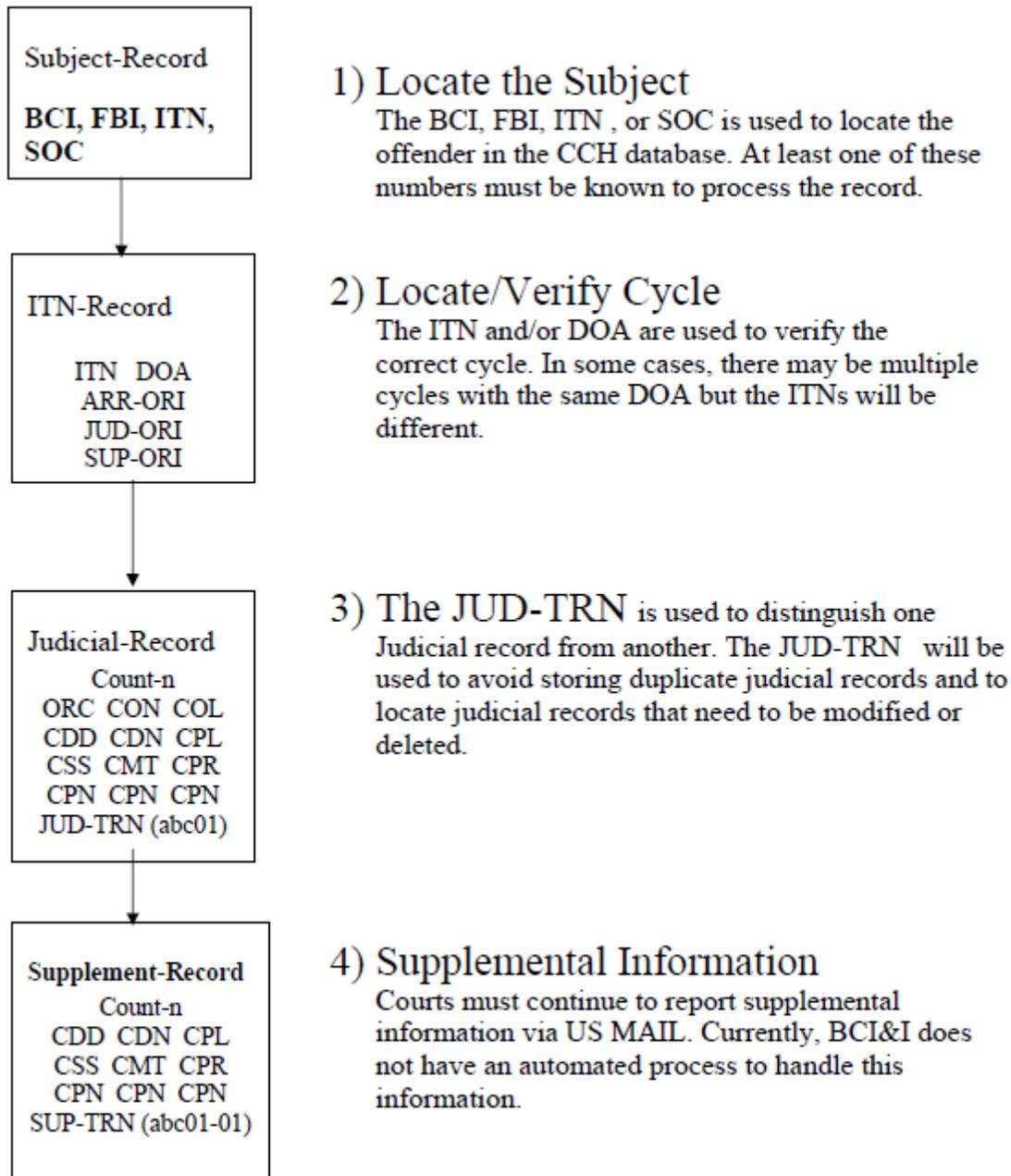
Electronic submissions are linked to an arrest in CCH by various fields. The preferred field that successfully attaches a disposition to an arrest is the Incident Tracking Number (ITN). This number is automatically generated by the Livescan machine every time a Law Enforcement agency fingerprints someone and transmits the information to BCI. If manually taking prints and mailing the fingerprint cards to BCI, the ITN number is still the preferred method. BCI provides ten print fingerprint cards with preprinted ITN numbers to agencies free of charge. There are various other fields that can be searched in CCH if the ITN number is not present as listed below (a diagram of the workflow is also included):

The BCI, UCN (FBI), Incident tracking number (ITN), or the Social security number (SOC) is used to locate offenders in the CCH database. The UCN (FBI), ITN, and SOC are not always unique and may result in a list of possible offenders. The ITN is the preferred key used to locate offenders. If the ITN is missing or occurs multiple times in the CCH database, the Date of arrest or date fingerprinted (DOA) is required to verify the arrest. The arrests under each possible offender are checked against the DOA on the disposition record. If the disposition DOA does not match the arrest DOA, the disposition will not be stored.

The Judicial tracking number (JUD-TRN) is required to locate a specific disposition pertaining to the arrest. Each disposition pertaining to an arrest must have a unique JUD-TRN. The JUD-TRN will prevent duplicate disposition records from being stored. The JUD-TRN will make it possible for courts to submit modify or delete disposition records using record types MR3B and XR3B respectively. If a disposition without a JUD-TRN already exists for an arrest, then additional dispositions cannot be added. Dispositions entered manually by a BCII operator will not have JUD-TRNs.

CCH Database Structure

The arrows represent (one to many) relationships.



Disposition Data Elements Definitions

Acronym	Description	Definition
ARR ORI	Arresting Originating Identifier	NCIC agency identifier obtained from LEADS identifying the law enforcement agency that arrested the individual
BCI	State ID number	Number assigned by BCI that identifies an offender record in CCH
CDD	Court disposition date	The date the offender received the sentence from the court Format: MMDDCCYY
CDN	Court disposition number	The outcome of the case in numeric code
CFN	Court Fine	Format: Whole dollar amount without any punctuation; cannot exceed 6 digits Ex: if fine is \$38.75; submit as \$39; if larger than 6 digits type the amount in the CPL field (see below)
CMT	Confinement	Total sentence time Format: M for months, D for days, and Y for years. Can be entered as a combination or singly Ex: 1Y6M3D, 5Y If a life sentence: LIFE
COL	Court offense literal	Exact wording of the charge; usually the same as the ORC translation with the conviction type Ex: Drug Trafficking F3 If submitting Conspiracy, Attempt or Complicity the ORC would be for these (292301, 292302 & 292303) but the Col will be listed as Complicity to Burglary
CON	Conviction type	Felony or misdemeanor indicator: F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, M1, M2, M3, M4. If level unknown: FEL or MIS

This field should be left blank if no conviction		
CPL	Court Provision Literal	Additional court information or provisions which cannot be described using CPN codes NOTE: Date fields must contain a zero in first position if the month is less than 10 Ex: 01011998
CPN	Court Provisions Numeric	3-digit codes describing common provisions
CPR	Probation	Format: M for months, D for days, and Y for years. Can be entered as a combination or singly Ex: 1Y6M3D, 5Y
CSS	Court Suspended Sentence	The amount cannot exceed the confinement time. Ex: Sentence 180 days, suspended time cannot be 181 days Format: M for months, D for days, and Y for years. Can be entered as a combination or singly Ex: 1Y6M3D, 5Y
DATE-SUB	Date submitted	The date the disposition was electronically submitted
DLN	Driver license number	
DLS	Driver license state	
DOA	Date of arrest	Date the law enforcement agency fingerprinted the individual.
DOB	Date of birth	Format: MMDDCCYY

Employee-ID		Code identifying the employee who entered the data
ITN	Incident Tracking Number	<p>Number automatically assigned from a Livescan machine when fingerprints are submitted to BCI with arrest information. The number is also printed on the 2-71 disposition form which is forwarded to the court. If submitting manually, BCI supplies fingerprint cards with preprinted ITN numbers which are then written on a 2-71 disposition form and forwarded to the court.</p> <p>Link to order form: https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Forms/Forms-for-BCI-Criminal-Records-and-Background-Chec/Forms-for-Law-Enforcement/2019-07-09_SupplyRequisitionForm_BCI-pdf</p>
JUD-ORI	Judicial Originating Identifier	NCIC agency identifier obtained from LEADS identifying the court
MKE	Message Key	The type of transaction that is being submitted electronically
ER3B	Message Key	Electronic submission of initial disposition information
MR3B	Message Key	A modification to previously submitted disposition information
ORC	Ohio Revised Code	<p>Also referred to as CIT or statute citation</p> <p>Format: condensed without periods Ex: 292511A1A</p>

Local codes can also be submitted and should follow the format above. If the code only has 5 digits, the code should be entered with a leading zero. Ex: 095919		
SOC	Offender's social security number	
TRN	Tracking number	The number assigned by the court to identify the record in their own court system; preferably the court case number
UCN (FBI)	National ID number	Number assigned by the FBI that identifies an offender record in the NCIC database

Detailed Description of Disposition Data Elements

CDN

Detailed chart on page 26

Name: Court Disposition Number

This code is used to report the outcome of a sentence

Field Size: 3

Condition: Required field for record types ER3B and MR3B

If valid, the disposition will be stored

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

CFN

Name: Court Fine

Expressed in whole dollar amounts

Field Size: 6

Condition: Blank if no fine

Blank if CDN = 301,302, 303, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 313, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 350

If valid data will be stored

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

Acceptable Formats or values:

- nzzzzz Ex: 150000 WHERE: n = 1 thru 9
- nzzzz Ex: 25000 z = 0 thru 9
- nzzzz Ex: 5000
- nzz Ex: 250
- nz Ex: 50

n Ex: 5

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

CMT

Name: Confinement

Field Size: 12

Condition: Blank if CDN = 301,302, 303, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 313, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 336, 350,356 (Non-conviction codes) and 312, 314 and 321 (Conviction codes)

Required for ER3B and MR3B if CDN = 310, 311, 332, 333 and 390 (Conviction codes) **and** CPR, CFN, CPN and CPL are missing

Required if a suspended sentence (CSS) entry has been entered

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable formats or values:

- Minimum to Maximum times or Maximum time only Ex: 5Y-25Y
- Hyphen is used to separate minimum and maximum times Ex: 6M-1Y
- Minimum time must be on the left side of the hyphen
- Left should be justified with remainder of field containing spaces
- Embedded spaces not allowed Ex: 12 Y – 15 Y
- Confinement is total sentence time
- Show years before months and months before days Ex: 1Y6M30D
- **Y** = Years
- **M** = Months
- **D** = Days
- **LIFE** = Life sentence
- **1Y-AGE** = Sentence where a **juvenile** will either serve 1 year or until he/she reaches the age of 21

Examples	Valid Entries	Invalid Entries	Reason Invalid
30 days to 18 months	30D-18M	30D-18	Missing M for months
18 months to 5 years	18M-5Y	18M – 5Y	Embedded spaces
5 years 2 days to Life	5Y2D-LIFE	5YEARS2D-LIFE	Must use Y for Years
30 days to 6 months	30D-6M	30-180D	Missing D for days
1 ½ years to 5 years	18M-60M or 1Y6M-5Y	018M – 60M 5Y-1Y6M	Leading zeros not allowed, embedded space Minimum time must be on left side of hyphen

5 years to 10 years	5Y-10Y	5YEARS-10YEARS	Must use Y for Years
7 years	7Y	7Y-7Y	Show maximum only
10 years and 2 months	10Y2M	2M10Y	Show years before months
LIFE	LIFE		
1 year to age 21	1Y-AGE	1Y-AGE21	Must use AGE only

COL

Name: Court Offense Literal

Field Size: 100

Condition: Required for ER3B & MR3B

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report
The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values: FREE TEXT

The Ohio Revised Code translation with additional information describing the type and degree of the charge. For example, if the charge is a 4th degree felony, F4 should be included in the COL – Drug Trafficking F4

It will differ from the ORC translation if the Revised Code pertains to Conspiracy, Attempted or Complicity. For example, if Attempted Murder, the ORC will be 2923.02 (Attempted) and the COL will contain Attempted Murder

CON

Name: Conviction type – Felony or Misdemeanor indicator

Field Size: 3

Condition: Blank if not convicted. CDN = 301,302, 303, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 313, 318, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 336, 350,356 (Non-conviction codes) and 314 and 321 (Conviction codes)

Required for ER3B & MR3B if convicted

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report
The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, FEL (where level is unknown), M1, M2, M3, M4, MIS (where level is unknown) or BLANK if not convicted

CPL

Name: Court Provisions Literal

The CPL is used to describe court provisions in more detail or provisions that could not be identified using another field (CMT, CPR, CFN)

Field Size: 150

Condition: Required for ER3B & MR3B if CDN = 310, 311, 332, 333 or 390 (Conviction codes) **and** CPR, CFN, CPN and CMT are missing

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values: FREE TEXT

Examples of information commonly found in the CPL field

- Credit 10D for time served
- 30D house arrest
- \$25 costs, \$150 fine suspended (when there is an amount in the CFN field), \$300 restitution (if amount unknown, use CPN code for restitution)
- 1Y license suspension
- Anger Management program
- 3D Driver Intervention Program

Whenever possible, information in the CPL should not be abbreviated (except for accepted formats established for time (days, months, years). If due to space limitations abbreviations are necessary, they should be common abbreviations that the public in general would understand. Rap Sheets are regularly mailed to non-criminal justice agencies or individuals, therefore, using abbreviations that only Law Enforcement could understand would lead to numerous phone calls from the public. If abbreviations must be used, please refer to the following examples:

Abbreviation	Meaning
30D Comm Serv	30 days community service
100HRS Comm Serv	100 hours community service
15D Credit FTS	15 days credit for time served
Susp	Suspended
Prob	Probation
DOA	Date of Arrest
Sent	Sentence
\$500 Rest	\$500 Restitution
\$200 Cost	\$200 court cost
30D Lic Susp	30 days license suspension

CPN

Detailed charge on page 34

Name: Court Provisions Numeric – up to 3 per record

Field Size: 3

Condition: Required for ER3B and MR3B if CDN = 310, 311, 312, 332, 333 and 390 (Conviction Codes) **and** CPR, CFN, CPL, and CMT are missing

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable formats or values: must be a valid code from the CPN table

Note: CPN codes have been assigned to the most common provisions in order to speed up data entry and save space in the CCH database. However, the data entry operator may choose to ignore this field and describe all provisions in the CPL field.

CPR

Name: Court Probation

Field Size: 12

Condition: Blank if CDN = 301,302, 303, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 313, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 336, 350,356 (Non-conviction codes) and 314 and 321 (Conviction codes)

Required for ER3B and MR3B if CDN = 310, 311, 312, 332, 333 and 390 (Conviction Codes) **and** CPR, CFN, CPL, and CMT are missing

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable formats or values:

- Minimum to Maximum times or Maximum time only Ex: 5Y-25Y
- Hyphen is used to separate minimum and maximum times Ex: 6M-1Y
- Minimum time must be on the left side of the hyphen
- Left should be justified with remainder of field containing spaces
- Embedded spaces not allowed Ex: 12 Y – 15 Y
- Confinement is total sentence time
- Show years before months and months before days Ex: 1Y6M30D
- **Y** = Years
- **M** = Months
- **D** = Days
- **LIFE** = Life sentence
- **1Y-AGE** = Sentence where a **juvenile** will either serve 1 year or until he/she reaches the age of 21

Examples	Valid Entries	Invalid Entries	Reason Invalid
30 days to 18 months	30D-18M	30D-18	Missing M for months
18 months to 5 years	18M-5Y	18M – 5Y	Embedded spaces
5 years 2 days to Life	5Y2D-LIFE	5YEARS2D-LIFE	Must use Y for Years
30 days to 6 months	30D-6M	30-180D	Missing D for days
1 ½ years to 5 years	18M-60M or 1Y6M-5Y	018M – 60M 5Y-1Y6M	Leading zeros not allowed, embedded space Minimum time must be on left side of hyphen
5 years to 10 years	5Y-10Y	5YEARS-10YEARS	Must use Y for Years
7 years	7Y	7Y-7Y	Show maximum only
10 years and 2 months	10Y2M	2M10Y	Show years before months
LIFE	LIFE		
1 year to age 21	1Y-AGE	1Y-AGE21	Must use AGE only

CSS

Name: Court Suspended Sentence

Field Size: 12

Condition: Blank if CDN = 301,302, 303, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 313, 319, 320, 322, 323, 324, 325, 336, 350,356 (Non-conviction codes) and 314 and 321 (Conviction codes)

Stored if valid

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable formats or values:

- Minimum to Maximum times or Maximum time only Ex: 5Y-25Y
- Hyphen is used to separate minimum and maximum times Ex: 6M-1Y
- Minimum time must be on the left side of the hyphen
- Left should be justified with remainder of field containing spaces
- Embedded spaces not allowed Ex: 12 Y – 15 Y
- Suspended sentence cannot exceed Maximum confinement time entered in the CMT field
- If there is nothing in the CMT field, CSS data will cause the record to be rejected
- Show years before months and months before days Ex: 1Y6M30D

- **Y** = Years
- **M** = Months
- **D** = Days
- **LIFE** = Life sentence
- **1Y-AGE** = Sentence where a **juvenile** will either serve 1 year or until he/she reaches the age of 21

Examples	Valid Entries	Invalid Entries	Reason Invalid
30 days to 18 months	30D-18M	30D-18	Missing M for months
18 months to 5 years	18M-5Y	18M – 5Y	Embedded spaces
5 years 2 days to Life	5Y2D-LIFE	5YEARS2D-LIFE	Must use Y for Years
30 days to 6 months	30D-6M	30-180D	Missing D for days
1 ½ years to 5 years	18M-60M or 1Y6M-5Y	018M – 60M 5Y-1Y6M	Leading zeros not allowed, embedded space Minimum time must be on left side of hyphen
5 years to 10 years	5Y-10Y	5YEARS-10YEARS	Must use Y for Years
7 years	7Y	7Y-7Y	Show maximum only
10 years and 2 months	10Y2M	2M10Y	Show years before months
LIFE	LIFE		
1 year to age 21	1Y-AGE	1Y-AGE21	Must use AGE only

DATE-SUB

Name: Date Submitted

Field Size: 8

Condition: Required

Purpose: Determines the order in which disposition records are processed

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

MMDDCCYY

Must be a valid date

Must be equal to or later than the submitted Date of arrest
Must be equal or earlier than system date

DLN

Name: Driving license number

Field size: 12

Condition: optional for ER3B and MR3B

Acceptable Formats or values:

Must be a valid driver's license number

DLS

Name: Driving license state

Field size: 2

Condition: optional for ER3B and MR3B

Acceptable Formats or values:

Must be a valid 2-character abbreviation for a state

DOA

Name: Date of Arrest (**DATE FINGERPRINTED**)

Used to locate/verify arrest cycle in CCH

Field Size: 8

Condition: optional if ITN is provided

Required (along with UCN, BCI or SOC) if ITN is missing

Fatal error if ITN is missing

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

MMDDCCYY

Must be a valid date

Must be equal to or later than the date submitted or Court disposition date

Must be equal to or earlier than system date

DOB

Name: Date of birth

Field size: 8

Condition: optional for ER3B and MR3B

Acceptable Formats or values:

MMDDCCYY

Must be a valid date

Must be earlier than the date of arrest

Employee-ID

Used to trace the information back to the employee who originally entered or modified it

Name: Employee identifier

Field size: 4

Condition: required for ER3B and MR3B

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

Must be at least 3 characters in length

May contain letters and numbers only

May not contain embedded spaces

FN

Used to verify offender in CCH

Name: First Name

Field Size: 30

Condition: required for ER3B and MR3B

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

Must be 2 characters in length

May contain letters, hyphens, and spaces only

ITN

Used to locate and or verify offender in CCH

Name: Incident tracking number – preprinted number on arrest card

Field Size: 8

Condition: Optional if date of arrest is given along with UCN or BCI or SOC

Required if UCN, DOA, BCI and SOC is missing

Fatal error if UCN, BCI or SOC and DOA are missing or invalid

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Edits applied:

Must be 6, 7 or 8 characters in length

Must end with a letter

Must contain at least 1 letter

May not contain more than 2 letters

All ITNs which end with 2 letters must contain 6 numbers – nnnnnnXX

All numbers in ITNS are significant numbers **including** leading zeros

Some ITNS contain leading zeros

DO NOT suppress these leading zeros if they are part of the number

DO NOT add leading zeros if they are not part of the number **Ex:** If a card transaction has 8 characters and a Livescan transaction had 7, do not add a leading 0 to the ITN for Livescan transactions

JUD-ORI

Name: Judicial originating identifier

Field Size: 9

Condition: Required

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

OH?????nG (most juvenile courts end in G)

OH?????nJ (other courts usually end with J)

? = 0 thru 9

n = 1,3,5, or 7 (the numbers reflect the county it originates from) Ex: Franklin county's number is 25,

the common pleas court ORI is OH025353J

must end with G or J

LN

Used to verify offender in CCH

Name: Last Name

Field Size: 30

Condition: required for ER3B and MR3B

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

Must be at least 2 characters in length

May contain letters, hyphens and spaces only

MKE

Indicates record type

Name: Message Key

Field Size: 4

Condition: Required

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

ER3B – Enter judicial record

MR3B – Modify judicial record

ORC

Sometimes referred to as a CIT or Statute Citation

Name: Ohio Revised Code

Field Size: 20

Condition: required for ER3B and MR3B

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Edits applied:

Must be at least 3 characters in length

Must contain periods (example: 2925.11 or for local codes 959.16)

May not exceed 20 characters in length

May not contain embedded spaces

May not contain the letter F or M (if subsections are included – Ex: 2925.11A1C1A

If the letter F is in a subsection, the court can either submit the ORC without the F, or submit these manually

Acceptable Formats or values:

NZZZZZZZ

N = 1 thru 9

Z = 0 thru 9

To report Conspiracy to commit murder:

Use the ORC (2923.01) for Conspiracy; place the description Conspiracy to commit murder in the COL field

To report Attempted Murder:

Use the ORC (2923.02) for attempted; place the description Attempted Murder in the COL field

To report Complicity to commit murder:

Use the ORC (2923.03) for Complicity; place the description Complicity to Commit Murder in the COL field

SOC

Used to locate offender in CCH

Name: Social Security Number

Field Size: 9

Condition: Optional if ITN is given

Required (along with DOA) if UCN, ITN and BCI are missing

Fatal error if BCI, ITN or UCN and the DOA are missing

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

NZZZZZZZ

N = 0 thru 9

Z = 0 thru 9

TRN

Name: Tracking number

Assigned to the disposition by the contributor (submitting court)

Field Size: 16

Condition: required for ER3B and MR3B

If invalid, a fatal error will occur, the record will be rejected and will appear on the Summary report

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Acceptable Formats or values:

Free Text, usually contains the case number followed by a 2-digit number. The JUD-TRN is used to distinguish one disposition from another. The JUD-TRN will be used to avoid storing duplicate Judicial records and to locate Judicial records which need to be modified or deleted. The TRN is required and cannot be blank or null.

Recommended format: Case number hyphen 2-digit number

UCN

Name: Universal Control Number

Number assigned to the offender by the FBI. Used to locate an or verify offender in CCH

Field Size: 9

Condition: Optional if ITN is given

Required (along with DOA) if BCI, ITN and SOC are missing

Fatal error if BCI, ITN or SOC and the DOA are missing

The court is responsible for fixing this error and resubmitting the disposition

Edits applied:

Must be at least 3 characters in length

May contain letters and numbers only

May not contain embedded spaces

May not consist of all zeros

WHAT SHOULD I SUBMIT?

- All outcomes related to mental incompetency; NGRI (Not Guilty Reason Insanity), cases pending mental incompetency, found insane, dismissed reason insanity, etc.
- Cases that are unofficially handled. The arresting agency can also submit a request asking BCI to remove the arrest from CCH since an expungement will not be available from the court since there wasn't a case. **These should be reported manually.**
- Cases in which the prosecutor declined to file charges and that did not get forwarded to the court. **These should be reported manually.**
- Arrests in which the arresting agency released the person without charging them. The court can submit the information if available to them, or the submitting agency can request that BCI remove the arrest from CCH. **These should be reported manually.**
- **NOTE** – Courts must submit all outcomes of a case regardless of whether the charge is reportable or not. The list of reportable offenses is for arresting agencies.
- **Adjudications** (CDN – court disposition numeric codes with computer translation and definition)
- The following fields are always required:

CDN, Date-Sub, Employee-ID, Jud-ORI, First name, Last name, Jud-ORI, MKE, ORC, TRN

If sentence fields are not filled out a CPN code is required. An adjudication entry will be rejected if it is submitted without these fields.

Ex: 333 (Adjudicated delinquent) 180D, with 150D suspended, 3Y probation, \$500 fine, CPN codes can also be entered

333 (Adjudicated delinquent) no sentence information; requires a CPN code

Juvenile CDN adjudication codes

Conviction Code	Translation	Definition	Your court's corresponding code(s)
332	Adjudicated Delinquent to a Lesser Offense	Self-explanatory	
333	Adjudicated Delinquent	Self-explanatory	

Non-Adjudication CDN Codes

Non-Conviction Code	Translation	Definition	Your court's corresponding code(s)
301	Not guilty/Acquitted	Self-Explanatory	
302	Not Guilty by Reason of Insanity	The defendant proves, by a preponderance of the evidence, that at the time of the commission of the offense, the defendant did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, the wrongfulness of a defendant's acts. See R.C 2901.01(A)(14)	

<p>303</p>	<p>Not Guilty/Acquitted Mental Incompetence</p>	<p>The court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that, because of the defendant's present mental condition, the defendant is incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the defendant's defense (see R.C 2945.37(G)) and the court finds that, even if the defendant is provided with a course of treatment, there is not a substantial probability that the defendant will become competent to stand trial within one year (see R.C 2945.38(B)(2)) or the court does not find, by clear and convincing evidence, that the defendant committed the offense with which the defendant is charged and the defendant is a mentally ill person subject to court order or a person with an intellectual disability subject to institutionalization by court order (see R.C 2945.39(C))</p>
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<p>305</p>	<p>Dismissed</p>	<p>Any misdemeanor or felony offense that has been dismissed in a final or complete manner (with prejudice) by any court that does not fit within the definition of code 319 or 325.</p>
<p>306</p>	<p>Charge Dismissed Insanity</p>	<p>The defendant proves, by a preponderance of the evidence, that at the time of the commission of the offense, the defendant did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, the wrongfulness of a defendant's acts (See R.C 2901.01(A)(14) and there is not clear and convincing evidence that the defendant is a mentally ill person subject to court order or a person with an intellectual disability subject to institutionalization by court order. See R.C 3945.40(E)</p>
<p>307</p>	<p>Charge dismissed Mental Incompetence</p>	<p>The court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that, because of the defendant's present mental condition, the defendant is incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant</p>

		<p>or of assisting in the defendant's defense (see R.C 2945.37(G) and the court finds that, even if the defendant is provided with a course of treatment, there is not a substantial probability that the defendant will become competent to stand trial within one year (see R.C 2945.38(B)(2) or the court does not find, by clear and convincing evidence, that the defendant committed the offense with which the defendant is charged and the defendant is a mentally ill person subject to court order or a person with an intellectual disability subject to institutionalization by court order (see R.C 2945.39(C)</p>
308	Charge Pending Insanity	Defendant has entered a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity. See R.C. 2943.03
309	Pending Mental Incompetency	The court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that, because of the defendant's present mental condition, the defendant is incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings

		<p>against the defendant or of assisting in the defendant's offense (see R.C 2945.37(G)) and that there is a substantial probability that the defendant will become competent to stand trial within one year if the defendant is provided with a course of treatment. See R.C 2945.38(B)(1)</p>
313	Dismissed Civil Action	Criminal court dismisses the charge but leaves the case open for civil litigation
318	Adjudication Withheld	Decision by a judge to put an eligible person on probation without an adjudication of guilt. If the person successfully completes the terms of probation and has no subsequent offenses, no further action will be taken on the case and the offense for which adjudication was withheld is typically not considered a prior conviction for purposes of habitual offender sentencing.
319 (NEW)	Bound over to Common Pleas Court	When a juvenile is treated as an adult and bound over to the Common Pleas Court for adjudication

<p>320</p>	<p>Mistrial</p>	<p>A mistrial is declared when it is determined that the trial of action cannot stand in law due to want of jurisdiction, wrongful drawing of jurors, disregard of other fundamental requisites, or a hung jury</p>
<p>322</p>	<p>Found Insane</p>	<p>The defendant proves, by a preponderance of the evidence, that at the time of the commission of the offense, the defendant did not know, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, the wrongfulness of defendant's acts (see R.C 2901.01(A)(14) and there is clear and convincing evidence that the person is a mentally ill person subject to court order. See R.C 2945.40(F)</p>
<p>323</p>	<p>Found Mentally Incompetent</p>	<p>The court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that, because of the defendant's present mental condition, the defendant is incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the defendant's defense. See R.C 2945.38</p>
<p>350</p>	<p>Nolle Prosequi</p>	<p>An entry on the record of legal action denoting</p>

that the prosecutor or plaintiff will proceed no further in an action or suit either as a whole or as to some count or as to one or more of several defendants

Court Provision Numeric (CPN) codes

3-digit numeric codes describing common sentence provisions in more detail or provisions that could not be identified using another field (CMT, CPR or CFN)

CPN Code	Translation	Definition	Your court's corresponding code(s)
333	Confinement in Hospital	Subject is confined in hospital as part of the sentence (used with mental incompetency sentencing)	
334	Court Costs	The person received court costs as part of the sentence and the amount is unknown. If the amount is known, it should be entered in the CPL field only, this code should not be used	
338	Fine & Court Costs	The monetary amount to be paid is a combination of fine and court costs and the amount is unknown. If	

		known, the amount should be entered in the CPL field and the code should not be used
344	Charge dropped/abandoned	A sentence is dismissed as a result of charges being dropped
345	Probation	Subject receives a probation sentence, but the length of probation is unknown. If using this code, the Court Probation (CPR) field should be left blank
346	Restitution	Subject must pay restitution. The amount, of known, should be entered in the CPL field and the code should not be used.
347	Restitution and Cost	Subject must pay restitution and court costs but the amount is unknown. The amount for each, if known, should be entered separately in the CPL field and the code should not be used

349	Restitution or Cost Paid	The charge is dismissed with the payment of restitution and/or costs. The amounts, if known, should be entered separately in the CPL field and the code should not be used
358	Sentence Unknown	Subject was convicted but the sentence is unknown
361	Probation Denied	Court has denied a request for probation
363	Concurrent	The sentence is concurrent to another sentence. If concurrent with a different case number than the one being submitted, list that case number in the CPL. If the sentences are concurrent with each other, the code should not be used on the first sentence entry, only on the following sentences if applicable
364	Consecutive	The sentence is consecutive to another sentence. If consecutive with a different case number than the one being submitted, list that

		case number in the CPL. If the sentences are consecutive with each other, the code should not be used on the first sentence entry, only on the following sentences if applicable
365	Credited with time served	Subject is credited with an unknown amount of time while awaiting trial. If amount is known, enter it in the CPL field and do not use the code
366	Appealed	Subject appealed the sentence
367	Nights	Subject must serve sentence in jail at night only
368	Weekend Confinement	Subject must serve sentence on weekends only
369	Pretrial diversion completed	The charge is dismissed as a result of subject having completed a pretrial diversion program
370	Combined charge	Court applies one sentence to all charges or another charge. The merged charge can be a conviction or a dismissal. Count one should show a conviction code and

		the sentence. Count two (and any other applicable charges) should show a conviction or dismissal code with this code in the CPN field
373	Successful completion of ILC	The charge is dismissed as a result of subject having completed an Intervention in Lieu of Conviction program

Basic Summary and Detailed Reports

When a court file is downloaded into CCH, the court receives a basic report that lists what happened to all the files. This report also lists any fatal errors that might have occurred while processing the file.

BASIC SUMMARY REPORT

The top portion of the basic report lists the amount of files processed and what the status is for each.

OHIO BCI&I ELECTRONIC DISPOSITION-FILE REPORT	
FILE NAME:	BC17041J.4C4
REPORT DATE:	4/12/2024 21:00
RECORDS PROCESSED	30
RECORDS LOADED INTO CCH	27
NO CORRESPONDING ARREST ON FILE	1
DISPOSITION WITHOUT TRN IS ON FILE	2
RECORDS CONTAINING ERRORS	0

Any fatal errors will be listed separately underneath the top portion in the detailed portion of the report. The message key will be listed first, then the status of each transaction and all the fields sent with each one. If the status listed is an error, the data containing the error would be reviewed, fixed, and resent with the next transmission of dispositions.

MKE	Reason	ORI	JudTRN	DOA	ITN	BCI	FBI	DATE SUB	EMPLOYEE ID	ARR-ORI	SOC			
DLS	DLN	CDD	ORC	CON	COL	CDN	CSS	CMT	CPR	CFN	CPN1	CPN2	CPN3	CPL

Fatal Errors

Multi-cycle with same ITN

There are 2 or more arrests on file with the same ITN. The program cannot determine which arrest corresponds to the disposition.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: No action is necessary, BCI manually enters the information

Multi-cycle with same DOA

There are 2 or more arrests on file that occurred on the same day. The program cannot determine which arrest corresponds to the disposition.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: No action is necessary, BCI manually enters the information

Required field invalid

This message is displayed beside the field that has been entered incorrectly. This could happen due to a variety of reasons. Usually it is a format issue; for example, the date of birth has to be submitted YYYYMMDD

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: Review the error listed on the report and refer to specifications indicating in what format that field should be submitted. Correct the error, and resend electronically with the next file.

Required field missing

This message is displayed beside the field that has been left blank. Within the specifications there are several combinations by which the search for a matching offender is processed. If one of those fields is missing the program will error because it can't complete the search without it.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: Identify which field was submitted without information. Refer to the specifications to verify what fields are mandatory for successful attachment. Add the missing field and resend electronically with the next file. In some cases a different combination of fields might have to be submitted if you do not have the information on the missing field.

Disposition already on file

Either a disposition has already been sent electronically and accepted, or BCI staff has entered it manually.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: No action is necessary

Matching TRN (tracking number) not found

The disposition program could not find a disposition in CCH that had the same TRN as the disposition record submitted. In order to delete/modify a disposition in CCH, the TRN on the CCH must match the TRN on the submission.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: Resend the disposition as a new entry, not as a modification.

Detailed Report Errors:

Note – the list below does not include all error messages

Cycle not on file/No corresponding arrest record on file

An offender has been located, but this incident or date of arrest is not on file. The agency needs contacted to supply a fingerprint card for that arrest.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: The Quality Assurance Unit receives detailed reports and contacts the arresting agency if the ITN number is listed. If there is no ITN number, the court should contact the arresting agency if that information is available. Without an ITN number QA does not know where the arrest came from and would not be able to locate that information. ***Please note that this applies to dispositions sent electronically via FTP. If sending through OCN the number of these will increase since non reportable information is included in this portion of the report.*****

Disp (disposition) exists

There is already a disposition on file for that arrest.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: No action is necessary

Records contained supplement data and were ignored

The disposition was ignored because the system interpreted the record to be supplemental data which cannot be processed electronically at this time.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: Mail the supplemental information to BCI for manual processing.

CCH Query Error

The data didn't load properly into CCH.

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: No action is necessary

Invalid Size

That data is not formatted per specifications

Q: How do I resolve this?

A: The court should resubmit the data

E-DISP ERROR MESSAGES		
ERROR MESSAGE	DEFINITION	RESOLUTION
Offender not on file	Unable to locate an offender in CCH. This means that BCI did not receive a fingerprint card for this individual.	QA will contact arresting agency and try to obtain a fingerprint card
No corresponding arrest on file	An offender has been located, but this incident or date of arrest is not on file	QA will contact arresting agency and try to obtain a fingerprint card
Disp without TRN is on file	A disposition is already on file because it has been manually entered by BCI staff	No action necessary
Disposition already on file	Either a disposition has already been sent electronically and accepted, or BCI staff has entered it manually.	No action necessary
Disposition not on file/No matching disposition to modify/delete	No disposition was found to modify or delete	Court should submit an initial disposition (should submit it as an ER3B)
Multi-cycle on file	There are 2 or more arrests on file that occurred on the same day. The program cannot determine which arrest corresponds to the disposition	No action necessary
Dispo code invalid for conviction CDN/Invalid CDN	The disposition code submitted is not a valid code. The codes submitted must be from the list provided by BCI	Court should resubmit the disposition with the correct code
Sentence info missing for conviction CDN	Per specifications, a conviction must contain either sentence information (confinement, probation or fine) or court provisions (CPN codes)	Court should resubmit the disposition with sentence information
ITN/DOA missing	Either the ITN or DOA (required fields) are missing	Court should resubmit the disposition with the missing field
Missing: BCI, ITN, FBI, SOC	Any of the required fields listed are missing. If the court does not have an ITN number, the program uses other required fields criteria to search for the arrest. The following combinations will find an arrest without an ITN: BCI & DOA, FBI & DOA, SSN & DOA. If any of those are missing, the record will reject.	The court should resubmit the disposition with the missing information.
Missing/Invalid BCI	The BCI number submitted with the disposition is invalid or missing	The court should resubmit the disposition with a valid BCI number
CDN missing	The conviction code is missing (required field)	The court should resubmit the disposition with the missing code
Invalid Con for conviction CDN	The CON field (level of offense) is invalid	The court should resubmit the disposition using the CON codes supplied by BCI
Sentence info present for non conviction CDN	If the code submitted is a non conviction code, there should not be any sentence information (no confinement, no probation, no fine)	The court should remove the sentence information and resubmit the disposition
Invalid MKE	The message key sent is invalid. The message keys are as follows: ER3B - enter an initial disposition; MR3B - modify a disposition previously submitted; XR3B - delete a disposition previously submitted	The court should resubmit the disposition with a valid message key
Record deleted	Court submitted an XR3B message key and the disposition was deleted successfully	No action necessary
Record added	Court submitted an ER3B message key and the disposition was added to the arrest successfully	No action necessary
Record updated	Court submitted an MR3B message key and the disposition was modified successfully	No action necessary
Invalid date submitted, Invalid Judicial ORI	The date submitted (any field that requires a date) was submitted in the wrong format. Format should be MMDDCCYY/The judicial ORI is invalid	The court should resubmit the disposition with date in correct format, or with correct judicial ORI
Required field missing-COL ORC	The court offense literal (literal translation of the Ohio Revised Code) is a required field	The court should resubmit the disposition with a court offense literal
Date_sub <DOA; DOA>Date submitted	The court date is before the date of arrest; the date of arrest is after the court date	The court should resubmit the disposition without the court date since it is not a required field
BCI number provided does not match other provided information	The BCI number provided does not match the BCI number found with the other provided information	The court should resubmit the disposition with the correct BCI number or exclude the BCI number and resubmit if there is enough other search information

What should not be transmitted electronically?

1. Vacate orders/Sentence modifications or corrections – If you do not have the capability to electronically submit modifications, these must be faxed, emailed or mailed to BCI. These can be submitted on court letterhead, on a journal entry or a correction form provided by BCI <https://www.ohioattorneygeneral.gov/Files/Forms/Forms-for-BCI-Criminal-Records-and-Background-Chec/Forms-for-Court/BCI-CORRECTION-FORM-COURT-DISPOS> and must contain the person’s demographics; the initial sentencing information and the case number.

2. Probation Violations without an ITN number – This is considered supplemental information and cannot be submitted electronically. If submitted electronically, it would reject because there would already be a disposition on file containing the initial sentence. If you know the ITN number for the initial arrest include it with the information sent to BCI. **The Probation Violation must stem from a reportable adjudication.**

If an ITN number is provided by law enforcement for the Probation Violation charge, the disposition for the Probation Violation can be submitted electronically under that ITN number.

3. Duplicate ITN’s – some counties will fingerprint a person for the same offense when they are transferred to the jail, when they are bonded out, when they are indicted, etc. This causes duplicate arrests on a person’s record with different dates of arrest that are all linked to the same incident. Report the disposition electronically on any of the ITN numbers. All other “duplicate/same incident” ITN numbers should be reported manually.

Below is an example of how to do this:

BCI Form 2-71 Final Disposition Bureau of Criminal Investigation Each arrest cycle must include a Final Disposition . Arrests and Number (ITN) which is unique throughout the incident. The ITN space is provided for the ITN on this Disposition Form. To ensure please reproduce or hand copy the ITN from the Arrest Tenprint P.O. Box 365, London, OH 43140-0365. (See instructions on reverse side)		Leave Blank
FBI number		Insert ITN Number 974 000C
Name on fingerprint card submitted Last _____ First _____		charge, include this
Furnish in all cases: Date of birth <u>3-15-1990</u> Sex <u>M</u>		
Fingerprint classification _____		

Previously sent electronically 3-24-17 @ ITN # 483503MB fingerprinted @ CCNO @ that # when incarcerated

fingerprinted @ Defiance P.D. @ this ITN# when arrested.

4. Cases in which charges were not filed in court. The arresting agency can also submit a request asking BCI to remove the arrest from CCH since an expungement will not be available from the court since there wasn't a case.
5. Cases in which the prosecutor declined to file charges and that did not get forwarded to the court.
6. Arrests in which the arresting agency released the person without charging them. The court can submit the information if available to them, or the submitting agency can request that BCI remove the arrest from CCH.